appearance before the Chamber of Deputies, but will forward his resignation to be read before that body. One diplomat who may be in a position to know a little of what is going on behind the closed blinds of the President's town house told the waiting correspondents in De la Barra's office this morning that one reason why Gen. Diaz would not present his resignation to-day was that he had

not finished writing it.

This member of the diplomatic corporated that he had been reliably informed that the President's last message would be a veritable final challenge from the wounded lion; it would be hot and sting-

SCOTCH

Quality Never Varies

hope collapse with the resignation of President Diaz and who are ready to all

through the neglect of crobs, begins to press all the land the Maderistas will fall. Then we will invite Gen. Reyes to Mexico."

The clerical party, which has suffered

PAID BY TWO NATIONS.

Dr. Hollander Says There Was Nothing

Wrong in His Transactions.

WASHINGTON, May 24.-Dr. Jacob B.

Hollander of Baltimore, who was sent to

should receive from Santo Domingo such

"After more than a year's negotiations,

should receive \$1,000 for my services from the United States, and that upon the

Representatives Martin and Burke

Excitement was tense over all the city of Mexico when the sun rose this morning Every morning paper bore great headlines announcing that this was the day when Diaz would resign, and in equal

day when Diaz would resign, and in equal prominence they printed the fact that Francisco I. Madero would probably leave Juarez en route for the capital on Sunday.

The office of the Minister of Foreign Relations, wherein the harried De la Barra dangles on the end of a telegraph wire leading down from Juarez, was full of suppressed excitement. First there was a long line of deputies and prospective or retiring Governors of States to pass one by one into the inner States to pass one by one into the inner states and proposition. chamber; then came Ambassador Henry L. Wilson, the Minister of Russia and the Minister of Italy. All were closeted with Minister de la Barra for varying periods. When Señor de la Barra came out he paused to give just the brief word, already recorded, to the newspaper men and to say that he had hopes that railroad communication would be speedily restored.

Then he did go to the home of Gen.

Diaz, other members of the Cabinet Diaz, other members of the Cabinet president Diaz and who are ready to ally joined him there, and until 2 o'clock none of them left the house. All inquiries at the gate were futile.

The President's private secretary said that even he had not seen Gen. Diaz for that even he had not seen Gen. Diaz for twenty-four hours and Porfirio Diaz, will remain in Havana for the present.

Jr., had given strict orders that no messages of inquiry should get beyond the door. The secretary did not know whether the President intended to forward his message of restage to the secretary did not know to hang themselves. When hunger, forced through the neglect of crabe ward his message of resignation to the Chamber of Deputies later in the day.

About and within the Chamber of Deputies there were scenes of incipient long obscurity under the harsh restrictions of Gen. Disz, is reported to be ready to line up before the bronze doors by 1 to ally itself with the Reyistas. o'clock, and when the doors were thrown open an hour later every inch of standing room in the visitors' gallery and on the marble floor of the foyer was filled.

Fifty odd Mexican journalists waxed wroth when the gendarmes told them that there was not room in the press box for all and there were heated arguments. Women came in carriages and tried in vain to find room in the visitors' gallery When the jam got too great in the galleries the gendarmes tried to move the crowd and were hooted and hustled. Some of the more riotous visitors were thrown out, but not without sharp struggles, which the whole gallery applauded

When the clerk got up to call the roll there were hisses and applause for various members according as their personality appealed to the crowd. Under the instructions of Jose Saavedra, the President of the Deputies, the clerk read the law regarding the punishment of people guity of offending the dignity of the deputies in session. It had little effect.

As the ordinary business of the House payments as progressed and there was no allusion to make to him. the receipt of a message from the President, the crowd grew restive and there were cries of "When does the resignation come?" and "Give us the resignation!" Word that there was to be no resigna-

tion presented sifted out to the street, and the crowd that blocked the broad avenue from curb yelled disapproval. The police had to move in and proval. The police had to move in and snatch the loudest mouthed out of the press to be hurried to jail For a time it looked as if there would be a riot.

To-night rumor follows rumor and the booked as if there would be a riot.

To-night rumor follows rumor and the booked as if there would be a riot.

To-night rumor follows rumor and the booked as if there would be a riot.

Morton & Co. of New York, fiscal agents to the committee that booked as if there would be a riot.

TAFT'S INDEPENDENCE.

TAFT'S INDEPENDENCE.

Though peace is the cry that comes down from Juneze and the effect of exciting the crowd still further.

Though peace is the cry that comes down from Juneze and peace is flared from the headlines of all the fervid dailies Mexico city, the capital of remited Mexico, is to-day cut of from all the world save by a single line of railroad leading to Vera Crize. All of yesterday and until near midnight last night cable communication with the I nited States and Europe via the Mexico to Galveston was destroyed.

TAFT'S INDEPENDENCE.

TAFT'S INDEPENDENCE.

Though peace is the liberal best termination of the Makes Railroad Attorney a Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors at the conclusion of their regular monthly meeting held April 20.

The statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the directors at the conclusion of their regular monthly meeting held April 20.

The statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the Equitable's board of directors, with whom Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors, with whom Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors, with whom Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors, with whom Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors, with whom Judge Day is in entire harmony, it is only necessary to repeat the statement given out by the Equitable's board of directors at the conclusion of their regular monthly meeting held April 20.

The statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the fault protest.

Washinotron, May 24.—Fu in the day by rebels near San Felipe, Gamajuato. Telegraph and railroad communication to the west coast was destroyed and the single line of railroad which linked Mexico city with the world railroad Crawford of South Dak ota. outside was the Interoceanie, running from here to Vera Cruz. This is an Eng-lish line and has not been touched during

all the insurfection.

The National Railways' through line to the United States via Laredo was cut by Navarro and his band of outlaws and he sent word to the railroad that if any by Savarro and his band of outlaws and he sent word to the railroad that if any attempt was made to repair it there would be trouble. As a result of this piece of vandalism trains operating over this single railfavenuel to the United States are now detoured via Aguas Calientes at an expense of twelve or fourteen hours in the schedule. The cutting of the National line to Vera Cruz was done on Monday night at a point well within the bounds of the State of Mexico and less than four hours run from the capital. The train was ditched and fired into ancone passenger was killed.

An American who was among those spilled out of their berths asked the leader of the bandits why the train had been wrecked. The answer was that they had believed that Gen. Diaz was on the train and that he would not be allowed to leave the country until he had restored to the national treasury the money that he had stolen from the State. A detacument of the Twenty-fourth Battalion of Infantry has been despatched to San Marcos to come out the riches and restore trothe to

has been despetched to San Marcos clean out the rebels and restore traffic

era Criz There is another and far more menacing There is another and far more menacing and permanent condition that the soher people of the original have in taind when they see the once all powerful Diaz step from power. Not 150 miles from here in the State of Grerrerouretwo rebelleaders. Figuerous and Assumable, with an army between them of over 5,000 men. The Marcrust as in the north armit that it was Figuerous and all order to wait the capital that forces i down from a last the effective and Morehas toward the capital that forces i down from a last the effective and there gut notice of his forthcombiness and here gut notice of his forthcombiness and three gut notice of his forthcombiness and the state of the state of the forthcombiness and the state of the st This then is the army of liberty of the south, and Figueroa and his associate



AS DIAZ RETIRES. Going to Mexico City, Via San Antonio, as

a Private Citizen-Amnesty on Both Sides -- Move to Crush Anarchy -- Bad Conditions Still Around Chihushus.

WILL GET OUT JUST AS SOON

EL Paso, May 24. The provisional Government of Mexico will cease to exist to-morrow or Friday. Immediately following the resignations of President Diaz and Vice-President Corral at Mexico city to-morrow Francisco I. Mader will resign all claims to the provisional Presidency. He will cross immediately to El Paso and as a private citizen take a special train for the capital of his country. He will not wait until the Mexican National Railroad is repaired, but on his special train will leave either Thursday

or Friday for San Antonio, Tex., over the Southern Pacific. The order for the train was placed to-day. Two Pullman care, night, a dining car and a baggage car were

The Federal Government having passed a special law extending amnesty to all political offenders in its custody, Madero took action of a similar character to-day and notified Gen. Juan J. Navarro, former commander of the Juarez garrison, and all officers taken prisoners with Navarro In addition to the 2,000 bankers who bow to the majority of nepotism.

This, then, is to be a government of Coahuila and Chihuahua and not of all

the penitentiary in Chihuahua of all Americans taken prisoners at the battle of Casas Grandes, fourteen of them, several from New York and others from

"On to Baja California!" is to be the slogan of the rebel army if the plans that are now being contemplated materialize. Down there a Utopian outfit of socialists, pure and inpure, renegades from half a dezen countries, including United States buns, whiskey mad Mexicans, bad Indians and other human flotsain, set up to be followers of Magon, the Los Angeles socialist of the red flag order, refuse to recognize Madero's right to make war or peace. Recognizing in this mob a condition of anarchy Madero has decided on sending an army of annihilation to wipe the dreamers Madero has decided on sending an army of annihilation to wipe the dreamers off the map. To do this duty Pancho Villa, the bandit chief, will be sent with a bunch of his trusties. Raoul Madero, brother of Francisco, and Roque Gonzales Garza, Majors, both in the rebel army, have also been selected to head the expedition of annihilation.

the expedition of annihilation.

Americans being quite convenient to have about in time of trouble, as was demonstrated at the battle of Juarez, a number of the American legion will be hired for the trip—pay in advance. Several of the Americans have been approached with such a proposition.

Information that came through from Chihushua to-day shows a rather ticklish Santo Domingo by President Roosevelt Chihuahua to-day shows a rather ticklish

to negotiate the settlement of the debt of condition still existing there. A tele-the republic, appeared before the House gram, the first in several days, says:

"The news of a five day armistice and Committee on Expenditures in the State Department to-day to tell how it came about that he was compensated for his in the nick of time. A few more hours and the battle most undoubtedly would have been on.

The news of a five day armistice and strong probability of peace negotiations being concluded reached Chihuahus just in the nick of time. A few more hours and the battle most undoubtedly would have been on.

The news of a five day armistice and strong probability of peace negotiations being concluded reached Chihuahus just and the battle most undoubtedly would have been on.

The news of a five day armistice and strong probability of peace negotiations being concluded reached Chihuahus just and the battle most undoubtedly would have been on.

"Chihuahua has had no mail nor telegraphic communication since April 27 and nearly all staple articles have been consumed. It is impossible to obtain any ham, bacon, butter, cheese, breakfast food and many other articles. For lack of fuel the American Smelting and Refining Company here has closed both smelter and mine operations, thus depriving 1,500 men of work."

ously associated I do not know. I half suspect he does not. I know at any rate that he was frightfully weary of the job of fighting a tariff buttle in the old log rolling way and that he hungered for the monelact of ideas—and where one enters the world of public spirit.

But we must get away from Mr. Aldrich as a tariff builder before we can understand

ALL FOR MUTUALIZATION.

Statement From Judge Day's Office About the Equitable Directors.

From the office of Judge W. A. Day, To-night rumor follows rumor and the whole city is seething. Some say that Diaz is already in Vera Cruz, having left his resignation behind him to be read the does not intend to resign and that he does not intend to resign and that he he does not intend to resign and that he was any question about the propriety of mutualization if it could help it and that president of the Equitable Life Assurance

TAFT'S INDEPENDENCE.

He Makes Railroad Attorney a Judge
Despite Republican Convention Protest.

Washinoton. May 24.—Further evidence of President Taft's determination to make his appointments to the bench re
The statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the direction of their regular monthly meeting held April 20.

The statement referred to told of Judge Day's unanimous election by the direction of their regular monthly meeting held April 20.

Europe via the Mexican Telegraph Company's cable to Galveston was destroyed as the result of a sceningly wanton and reasonless cutting of the land wires at San Marcos, between Mexicocity and Vera San Marcos, between Mexicocity and Vera Selves insurrectos. The Federal Telegraph Company had two lines operating and even these lines had been cut earlier in the day by rebels near San Felina. front door and ran.

When Abelson realized what had hapof the State made no protest against the pened the man was not in sight. Abelson of the State made no protest against the naming of Mr. Elliott, although they did not indorse him. Mr. Elliott served as United States Attorney for South Dakota from 1897 to 1906. He has been enkelong them along the man was not in sight. Abelson started to shout and a lot of people gathered around him. Among them was little Bennie Helpin, who is 7 years old.

"That's the fellow," cried Bennie, pointing to a man who was walking as fast as

gaged in the practice of law for twenty-five he could. gaged in the practice of law for twenty-five years.

The President filled two other places on the bench to-day. He named William Schofield of Worcester county, Mass, a Judge in the First Circuit, which comprises Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Maine and Rhote Island, and appointed Henry A. M. Smith of Charleston, S. C., to the district bench in that State.

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M'YEAGH FOR ALDRICH PLAN

SECRETARY TELLS BANKERS IT IS FINANCIAL SALVATION.

Declares at Kansas City Meeting That Ex-Senator's Position on Tariff Should Not Prevent Acceptance of His Work for Monetary and Banking Reform.

KANSAS CITY, May 24.—Franklin Mac-Veagh, Secretary of the Treasury, was the principal speaker at a joint meeting In addition to the 2,000 bankers who that they were free men to go where they had gathered to attend the annual meeting Gen. Navarro is still in El Paso in a private hospital. The amnesty to political prisoners secures the release from the penitientiary in Chihuahua of all Americans, talks in Chihuahua of all other cities. other cities.

The meeting was called to order by J The meeting was called to order by J. F. Downing, president of the Kansas City Clearing House Association. After short talks by David R. Francis, ex-Governor of Missouri and W. J. Bailey, ex-Governor of Kansas, Mr. MacVeagh addressed the gathering on "Banking and Currency Reform." He said in part:

during the last few years at first by rea-son of the emphatic agitation of the subject son of the emphatic agriculton of the subject among the bankers and publicists and later by the added reason of the activities, methods and publications of the monetary commission. And the success with which Mr. Aldrich has gathered together into a system the ideas and methods necessary to a great rehabilitation and reform is due to his keen understanding of the advance in our economic thought.

Let me say a word about Mr. Aldrich. His personality is necessarily a factor of importance since the plan which hears his personality is necessarily a factor of importance since the plan which bears his personality is necessarily a factor of importance since the plan which bears his personality is necessarily a factor of importance since the plan which bears his among the bankers and publicists and later by the added reason of the activities, meth-

His personality is necessarily a factor of importance since the plan which bears his name forms the basis for all discussions of part of the account. I should therefore Dr. Hollander said that he had never "categorically" advised the Domingan authorities that he was employed by the Washington Government. He insisted, however, that in his negotiations with State Department officers it was agreed by Robert Bacon, then Assis
"It is estimated that 8,000 revolution-lists are in close proximity to the city to that is appropriate to the argument. It is proper to differentiate Mr. Aldrich's took charge of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway, as they stated, for the purpose of moving their troops in from the east.

"Chihuahua has had no mail and the last of the say what I believe about Mr. Aldrich is are in close proximity to the city to that is appropriate to the argument. It is proper to differentiate Mr. Aldrich's took charge of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway, as they stated, for the purpose of moving their troops in from the east.

"Chihuahua has had no mail and the last of the argument." It is proper to differentiate Mr. Aldrich's took charge of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway, as they stated, for the purpose of moving their troops in from the east.

"Chihuahua has had no mail to the city for the that is appropriate to the argument. It is proper to differentiate Mr. Aldrich's with the was with a suppose the control of the contro monetary views from Mr. Aldrich's tariff views. Whether Mr. Aldrich entertains with quite his old enthusiasm the tariff views with which his name is so conspicuously associated I do not know. I half suspect he does not. I know at any rate that he was frightfully weary of the job of fighting a tariff battle in the old log rolling way and that he hungered for the monetary questions where one enters the world of ideas—and where one enters the world of public spirit.

But we must get away from Mr. Aldrich as a tariff builder before we can understand him as a monetary reformer. As a monetary reformer he is assuredly one of the

tary reformer he is assuredly one of the very best examples. I do not say that he has always been so. He has long been interested in monetary questions and legisation, but it is only during the last four or five years that he has become what he is, a thoroughly enlightened and scientific Society, a statement was given out yester. student and builder. I am saying these day in reply to a published story which things and making these discriminations between the two Aldriches because he is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put over some of the rebel leaders and make a last fight for power.

The wildest report has it that the President does not expect the Deputies to accept his resignation and that if the House does he will commit suicide.

The alternate swing of the pendulum was registered late this afternoon when boys circulated through the crowd in front of the Chamber of Deputies circulating handbills signed by the names of four well known members of the Liberal party. Those, in the Itwo Aldriches because he is a party of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question and that Judge Day would be retired because he is a party of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question and that Judge Day would be retired because he is a party of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question because he is a party of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question because he is a party of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question here allowed because he is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question because he is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question because he is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question because the is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question and that Judge Day would be retired because the is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question and that Judge Day would be retired because the is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question about the power and that Judge Day would be retired because the is a part of the discussion. I am trying to put you right as to his relations to his question about the power and you right as to his relations to his question and that Judge Day

hesitation to consider cordially the plan of the Monetary Commission. It must be considered wholly dispassionately. The importance of the reform transcends all personalities, all partisanship and all prejudice.

SHIP STRIKE ON SATURDAY.

Inton Here Now Expects the Call by Cable for That Day. The strike of the British seamen through-

out the world, the American representaives of the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain announced vesterday, is expected to go into effect on Saturday. which is the principal sailing day in the week both here and in all English ports. The cable despatch calling the strike is spected to-day or to-morrow they said. As the seamen sign articles for the round

trip to American ports and back, the brunt of the strike will be felt in England. officers of the union declare that the strike will be as general here as in England.

Saturday include the St. Paul of the American Line, the Minnehaha of the Atlantic Transport Line, the Vaderland of the Red Star Line and the Cedric of the White Star Line. The next sailing date of the Cunarder Lusitania from this port is Wednesday, May 31. The Mauretania sailed yesterday with her regular crew on board. Matthew Tearle, secretary of the American branch of the Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain, said yesterday that he presided at a meeting of the Mauretania seamen on Tuesday evening and they were ready to strike if the strike was to go into effect before she sailed.

sailed.
"I feel positive," he said, "that the strike will go into effect on Saturday and am waiting for the strike order."

SHOWERS OF GOLD FOR TECH. Massachusetts Institute Gets Gifts Total-

Institute of Technology this week. An-nouncement was made this afternoon that a gift amounting to between \$500,000 and \$600,000 and probably nearer the latter figure is to come to Tech from a trust fund created by Francis B. Greene of Boston and New Bedford. While this fund was created five years ago it did not become known to the school officials until to-day. At the time of Mr. Greene's death his will showed no mention of Technology, but it gave a considerable amount to Radcliffe College. The Technology gift was not mentioned because it had been provided for previously by placing a large block of stock in a real estate trust, the income to go to the beneficiaries named in the deed during the lifetime of Mr. Greene and then the property to be transferred to Technology.

This gift provides that the income shall be used to assist deserving students of the institute. that a gift amounting to between \$500,000

MRS. SEWALL HAD POWER TOO

SHE SLEPT IN BED WITH MRS. BULL AND HEALED HER ILLS.

Roberto the Barber Tells More of the Hindu Inside of Studio House Where Queer Religion and Strange Practices Held Sway-Extracts From Letters.

ALFRED, Me., May 24.-Nicola Roberto, the former Italian barber who is now a wine merchant in his own country, but was for several years a member of the nousehold of Mrs. Ole Bull, was the only witness heard to-day in the contest over the will of the violinist's widow.

Roberto continued his recital of the queer sayings and weird practices in the Studio House of Mrs. Bull at Cambridge Mass. Roberto declared that Mrs. Mary Wright Sewall had amazing healing powers, according to Mrs. Bull. He said the widow told him that Mrs. Sewall could lie in her bed and cure others of all

"Did Mrs. Sewall sleep with Mrs. Bull?" asked Attorney Whipple.
"Much of the time they occupied the

same bed," answered Roberto "Did Mrs. Bull mean that Mrs. Sewall could exercise this wonderful healing

power by occupying the same bed with "No. Mrs. Sewall, she explained, would lie in her own bed and cure a person a

a distance For instance, Mrs. Bull told me that Mrs. Sewall had given a demonstration of her powers in this respect in 1906, the year before I came to her house-hold. She told me that she was able to undergo a surgical operation at the hos-pital absolutely without pain or any dis-comfort because Mrs. Sewall had pre-vicusly prepared to arrange herself in her bed at home and by the exercise of the surgeon's knife."

The witness and that Mrs. Bull had

of Kansas, Mr. MacVeagh addressed the gathering on "Banking and Currency Reform." He said in part:

I hope banking and currency reform will escape the misfortune of becoming a party question. And the outlook for escape is excellent. There is no evidence that the parties will divide upon it.

Happily there has rapidly become evident since the publication of Senator Aldrich's tentatibe plan a general agreement in favor of its general features. And it is only the details which the leading authorities of the country are chiefly discussing.

The truth is that a great advance it montary thought has taken place in this country during the last few years—at first by readout the montange of the paychle powers destroy the pangs of the surgeon's knife."

The witness said that Mrs. Bull had ordered certain Japanese philosophers out of her home and that one Japanese out of her home and that one Japanese in particular whose evil powers became in particular whose in particular whose evil powers became in particular whose evil powers

This morning the attorneys and Judge Hobbs went into a private room with Roberto in order to listen to some of the

out of you through your fingers and that it made her iil for two weeks?" Roberto was asked.

"Yes, I remember her holding my hands, but I took it merely as a friendly matter and I didn't feel that she took anything

City, Kills Himself.

neatly dressed boy about 18 or 19 years old who seems to have come from Cortland, N. Y., or its vicinity, committed ment of a saloon run by James Lynch at 572 Fulton street, Brooklyn. Those who saw him come in remarked later that he seemed unfamiliar with such places. He went immediately to the wash room in the basement. A moment later those upstairs heard a shot and found the young man on the floor unconscious. There was a new revolver beside him. He died before an ambulance surgeon arrived. He did not have a cent of money in his clothing.

DEAR FATHER AND MOTHER: Have had so much trouble I cannot stand it any longer People find fault with my delivery and have come short in the cash at night. was afraid Maricle might think I was taking was afraid Maricie might think I was taking the money, but the Lord knows I have tried to be honest. I prayed to Him to help me, but couldn't see that I was getting any help. The story got around that I went to the roadhouse and I feared that folks believed the report was true. I love Jessie the best of any girl I ever knew and I think she is as good as any girl. I hated to come away from her, but I thought the sooner the better for I think if she turned me down after thought so much of her I would kill myself If she learned to love me and I didn't stay would break her heart. I hope you will ever know what becomes of me. If you do find out where I went, I write this to le you know what I did it for. I am in the park in New York writing this. New York is a great city. I have been riding on the trolley cars, on the elevated trains, in the subway cars and on the ferryboats. I hope that Mr. Maricle will get some one better. I hope that you will forgive me as I have prayed every night to the Lord to forgive me. I thought I would end it to forgive me. I thought I would en now as it would get worse all the time I got in with the boys I couldn't say "No" and I should fall so low that those who oved me would wish rather that I had died now it is better than living an awful life

The letter had no address and was unsigned. In the young man's pockets were two railroad tickets of the Cortland waiting for the strike order."

SHOWERS OF GOLD FOR TECH.

Hassachusetts Institute Gets Gifts Totaling \$1.500,000 in a Week.

Boston, May 24.—Money has been dirly showered upon the Massachusetts institute of Technology, this week Andrews of Technology the Technology of Tec

Syracust. March 24.—The boy who killed himself in Brooklyn was Clinton Coates, 18 years old, of McGraw, a hamlet near Cortland. He was employed by G. H. Maricle, a grocer. Coates left McGraw on Tuesday night without telling his parents or employer that he was going. He had been attentive to Jessic Reakes, 17 years old, daughter of a former Cortland policeman.

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TAFT WON'T PARDON MORSE OR WALSH

Continued from First Page.

or stockholders, but he is not less guilty of this account. He abused their trust and confidence and imperilled the money of those who trusted him in enterprises of their money. If the speculation had been successful as he hoped they would not have ost, it may be, and he would have allowed them the usual interest or dividend. The real and great profit would have been his.

Many influential and prominent persons have petitioned for his pardon. They do not fully appreciate, it seems to me, the high importance to society that such criminal breaches of trust as this be severely

ment because the misuse of the funds re sults in a profit. In such cases the dis-honest or reckless bank officer takes the profit and the bank is made whole and no to regard himself as a shrewd manipulator within legitimate business lines. The truth is that in the mad rush for wealth in the last few decades the lines between profit from legitimate business and improper gain from undue use of trust control over othe people's property and money has some-times been dimmed and the interest of society requires that whenever oppor-tunity offers those charged with the enforcement of the law should emphasize the dis honest breaches of trust.

Walsh is 73 years of age. He has been one year and four months in prison. By September next he will be able to apply for release under the parole law. His health is not good, but I do not think from the evidence that his condition is alarming or requires his release before the time when his case may be brought before the parole

There are circumstances which have been emphasized by those who have repre-sented Walsh in the application for pardon that appeal to one's sympathy if the case is judged with reference to Walsh alone. But it must be judged with reference to the right of society to have the law vindicated and crime punished, no matter how influ-ential the convicted person or how many friends his present pitiable condition may lead to speak in his behalf. The opportunity to commit such crimes is only af forded to men who have enjoyed high

Every case of this kind, therefore, must present some such considerations as those referred to and if the Executive on an appeal for elemency should yield to them it would defeat the object of the law and present a demoralizing difficulty between the punishment meted out to the ordinary criminal whose circumstances have nat urally led him into crime and one whose position in society should have made for him the strongest restraint against viols

Here is what the President had to say

Charles W. Morse was convicted of mis application of funds of the National Bank of North America and of making false en reports to the Comptroller of the Currency on appeal to the Comptroner of the Currency.
On appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals
his conviction on the false entry charge
was affirmed. He was sentenced to imprisonment for fifteen years in the Atlanta
penitentiary and began the service of his term on January 3, 1910. He had been con-fined in the Tomba for ten months before he was taken to Atlanta.
Although his conviction technically was

on false entries there is no doubt as to what the evidence showed generally, to wit, that Morse was engaged in large private trans actions in which the maintenance of the price of certain stock in the market was of capital importance to him, and he pro control of this particular bank and other banks for the purpose of doing the specific thing mentioned, which was essential to the success of his speculations. his operations was severe losses to the bank, which forced it into liquidation. In other words he committed the same

offence against the banking laws Walsh committed in the case against him, although specific details differ somewhat in their technical and in their legal effect Morse exhibited the same fraudulent and criminal disregard of the trust imposed upon him in the exercise of the control over the bank as Walsh did. Indeed th methods taken by Morse tend to show that more keenly than Walsh did he realize the evil of what he was doing. The Attorney General says:
"There is no question in my mind by

that in causing the loans in question to be made he was actuated primarily by the advancement of his own ends, to wit, the promotion of the various enterprises in which he was engaged, and that he was entirely unscrupulous as to the methods he adopted. He seems at times to be and then going to hell.

Dear father, as I am making the trip around the Statue of Liberty the band on the boat is playing "Put Your Arms Around Me, Honey," and it makes me think of One of the chief arguments made in Morse's behalf is that since the commission

of his offences he has out of his own estate made good the losses inflicted upon the bank. In the first place the does not sustain the claim that all the losses to the bank have been made good by him, but even if his estate had met the obligations growing out of his fraudulen transactions it could not change the necessity for his lawful punishment for the crime he committed

Walsh received a sentence toff five years



Morse of fifteen years. I have no doubt from a consideration of the facts in each case that Morse should have received a heavier sentence than Walsh. Whether a heavier sentence than Walsh. Whether fifteen years is too great a sentence I do not now propose to decide. It will depend somewhat upon Morse's future conduct in prison. This application, therefore, is now denided as premature but may be renewed at some subsequent date.

One point is made that Morse was for ten months confined in the Tombs after he had been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment pending his appeal to the Court of Appeals, and this is said to have been a hardship because he was not per-mitted to give ball. If this gives him any claim to the reduction of the sentence it can be considered on another application.
It certainly would not effect his present confinement for some time to com-

In so far, however, as this treatment has been criticised as unduly severe, I may has been criticise that it furnishes no legi-properly observe that it furnishes no legi-imate ground for complaint. Prior to conviction the Constitution affords to every der in the first are and treason because his innocence is presumed, but after con-viction and judgment of the court the presumption is of his guilt; and if the rule is enforced that persons convicted of an infamous crime are not allowed bail the expedition with which appeals are brought and heard will be greatly accellerated. Not only will counsel for the defendants use the utmost diligence but courts with a knowledge of the situation will facilitate the hearing of appeals and their decision.

members of society who have asked for members of society who have asked for clemency in Morse's case is quite as great as in that of Walsh. In my denial of the application in each of these cases I have no desire to minimize the weight of the opinion and prayer in favor of clemency of the petitioners, but for the same reason that I have given above for differing from them Walsh's case I must differ with them in

The application for clemency in the case of Charles W. Morse is hereby denied with leave to renew the same after January 1, 1913.

In reaching these conclusions I follow the recommendation of the Attorney-General.

WILLIAM H. TAFF.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 24.—Warden Moyer of the Federal prison said to-night that under no circumstances would the rules of the penitentiary allow Mores to give out any interview or statement regarding President Taft's decision.

U. S. to Investigate Murder in Mexico WASHINGTON, May 24.—Clarence A. Miller, American Consul at Tampico, Mexico, has been directed by the State Department to investigate the reported murder of Samuel Hidy, an American who is said to have been killed on May II last at Loe Platanos colony. The Department has no details.



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ANNOUNCEMENT. MANHATTAN LINE STEAMERS 10 Albany will operate from N. Y. every other day on even dates during May. Daily and Sunday service to be re-

DIED.

HIGLEY.—Suddenly, on Tuesday evening Me 23, at her residence, 1755 Fast 15th at 1 Bross lyn. Mary Higley, beloved wife of Fr.25 Higley. Notice of funeral bereafter.

HUBPRT.-Helen Louise Hubert, aged 56 PRANK E. CAMPBELL BLDG . Tayes in

MELLEHER.—On May 23, at Randolpe Mass-Mary Kelleher, mother of the Rev T L Kelleher of St. Francis's Church Brooklyn

LEE .- At his residence, 107 West 54th st. on Ma/

18, Franklin Lawrence Lee.

18, Franklin Lawrence Lee.

Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church.

21st at, and 4th av., on Friday, May 25, at 1)

A. M. Interment at Jamaica. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Thoop A., U.S. V.—You are requested to attend the funeral services of the late Franklin Lawrence Lee at Calvary Church. 21st at and 4th av., on Friday, May 25, at 10 A. M.

James T. Perst. President. SMITH.—Suddenly, May 25, Philip H. Smith, so of the late Junius A. Smith, Batavia, N. Y. Interment at Ridgewood, N. J.

UNDERTAKERS.

PRANK E. CAMPBELL. 341-248 W. 254 Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1114 Chells